California Health and Human Services Agency



2020 West El Camino Avenue, Suite 800 Sacramento, CA 95833 hcai.ca.gov



Hospital Building Safety Board Education and Outreach Committee AGENDA May 22, 2024 10:00 a.m. – 4:00 p.m.

The Committee may not discuss or act on any matter raised during the public comment section that is not included on this agenda, except to place the matter on a future meeting agenda. (Government Code §§ 11125, 11125.7, subd. (a).)

Locations:

2020 West El Camino Ave, Conference Room 930, Sacramento, CA 95833 355 South Grand Avenue, Conference Room 1901, Los Angeles, CA 90071 Teams Meeting Access; Meeting ID: 288 221 992 180; Passcode: FRAs4n Call in: (916) 535-0978; Phone Conference ID: 615 154 53#

- Item #1 Call to Order and Welcome Facilitator: Scott Mackey, AIA, NCARB, APEC, Design Manager, Hensel Phelps; Committee Chair (or designee)
- Item #2 Roll Call and Meeting Advisories/Expectations Facilitator: Veronica Yuke, Supervisor, HCAI; Acting Executive Director (or designee)

Item #3 Review of Committee-supported 2024 accomplishments

- ASHE 2024 International Summit and Exhibition on Health Facility Planning Design and Construction (PDC) Conference, held March 17 – 20, 2024, in San Diego
- Introducing the OSHPD Emergency Design Guide presentation
 highlights
- How California is Making Microgrids Work presentation highlights
- Discussion and public input

Facilitators: Scott Mackey; Teresa Endres, AIA, ACHA, EDAC, AAH, Senior Associate, Medical Planning Director, Taylor Design, Committee Member; and Jamie Schnick, Senior Electrical Engineer, HCAI (or designees) Item #1 Call to Order and Welcome Facilitator: Scott Mackey, AIA, NCARB, APEC, Design Manager, Hensel Phelps; Committee Chair (or designee) Item #2 Roll Call and Meeting Advisories/Expectations Facilitator: Veronica Yuke, HCAI; Acting Executive Director (or designee)

Review of Committee-supported 2024 accomplishments

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Update on the Design Guide for Working on Projects under OSHPD Jurisdiction – Tips from the Experts

Discussion and public input

Facilitators: Paul Coleman, Senior Architect, HCAI; and Mia Marvelli, Architect, Supervisor, HCAI (or designees)

Update on the *Design Guide for Planning and Preparing for Disasters* (formerly the Emergency Design Guide)

Discussion and public input

Facilitators: Paul Coleman and Mia Marvelli (or designees)

Update on the Policy Intent Notice (PIN) 50 – Integrated Review webinar

- Webinar is tentatively scheduled for Fall 2024
- Discussion and public input

Facilitator: Diana Navarro, Supervisor, HCAI (or designee)

INTEGRATED REVIEW

Formerly Collaborative Review and Construction (CRC) process & Phased Plan Review (PPR)





Webinar Updates

- PIN 50 Webinar- remote, not in webinar room
- Tentative Date: Wednesday, September 25th
- Tentative Time: 1-2 PM
- Moderator: Monica Colosi
- Presenters: Gary Dunger & Diana Navarro
- Topics to include:
 - Development of PIN 50 (from CRC to IR)
 - IR Requirements/Parameters
 - "How to" from a client versus reviewer perspective (including Accela access, contributor license info, etc.)
 - Sample Projects/Tools

PIN 50- Tip of the Day

- Purpose
- Background
- Definitions
- Procedure
- Electronic Review
 - Contributor Role
 - Accessing Comments
 - Exporting Comments
 - Responding to Comments
 - Available Reports
- ISU "Tip of the Day" to be distributed September 5th
- Registration Link to PIN 50 Webinar





Integrated Review



Sample Response Enabled Comment



Sample Log



Item #7 Update on the Offsite Fabrication/Preassembled Components webinar

• Discussion and public input Facilitators: Cody Bartley, DPR Construction, Committee Vice Chair; and Teresa Endres (or designees)

Creation of an "Island Hospital Concept" Subcommittee

- Tasked with investigating the concept of an energy selfsustaining, carbon neutral, off-the-grid hospital facility able to operate independently from off-site utilities.
- Vote to approve creation of Subcommittee
- Discussion and public input

Facilitators: Scott Mackey and Jamie Schnick (or designees)



ISLAND HOSPITAL(s)

By: Duc Bui/Salas O'Brien David Bliss/Faraday Microgrids Marc Hoffman/Innovus Jamie Schnick/HCAI

Why go to Island Hospital?

Concerns about utility services

- Continuing rising utility costs
- Reliability concerns
 - \circ PSPS events
 - \circ Fires
 - \circ Earthquakes





The Highland Fire, in a rural area southeast of Los Angeles, was 10 percent contained as of Tuesday evening.

By CLAIRE MOSES





Why go to Island Hospital?

Concerns about utility services

- Power quality issues
- Expensive costs and excessive scheduling for new service requests & service upgrades
- Will things get better or worse?
 - Transition to all electric facilities could stress the grid.
 - Electric Car Charging could stress the grid.
 - Continued density and growth could stress the grid.



What does the utility do that you can do better?

Keep costs reasonable? It depends where you are.

- Cost of on-site power is making the concept of distributed generation and microgrids cost affordable.
- Perception is that with no on-site control, power costs are going up with no way to stop it.

Maintenance, customer knows who to call when power issues occur?





What do we mean by "Island" hospital??? (HINT...its not a hospital on Maui)

ABLE TO PARALLEL UTILITY = CONVENTIONAL DESIGN (DORMANT BACKUP SYSTEMS)

SUPPLEMENTAL, CONTINUOUSLY OPERATING SITE RESOURCES WITH SEAMLESS TRANSITION

UTILITY AS BACKUP ONLY

FULLY UTILITY INDEPENDENT (WHAT CONSTITUTES "DUAL" RESOURCES?)

1) CONVENTIONAL PARALLEL RESOURCES -Back up emergency power during power outages -GENERALLY, "DEAD ASSETS" -Utility as the dominant resource (reliability, responsibility, 'known') -Generators have well characterized performance, reliability, costs, and limitations



- "HYBRID" Full or partial utility service + supplemental microgrid
 - -Carry partial hospital load during power outages -Generators continue to play significant role





(3) FULL ISLAND CAPABLE (Normal + Emergency): Full or partial utility service with supplemental MULTI-DERMICROGRID

-Carry the entire hospital load during power outages -Potential for seamless transition

-Transition to emergency generators as tertiary source





4) FULL/CONTINUOUS ISOLATION FROM GRID: NO UTILITY SERVICE AVAILABLE OR NOT CONNECTED Microgrids power ENTIRE site Configured to provide 2 INDEPENDENT power sources as required by NFPA, CMS, other regulators





Drivers/Obstacles for "Island" hospital

1). Technological

- -Increasing diversity of distributed resources (solar, wind, geothermal, fuel cell wave, etc.)
- -Faster, more reliable control systems (sensing and response in 15-40 milliseconds)
- -Smart power conditioning systems
- -OBSTACLES: Track record, "complexity", warranties, service contracts

2). Regulatory

- -NFPA 99, NFPA 110, CEC/NFPA70
- -UL/INTERTEK listing; IEEE standards
- -CMS
- -HCAI



Drivers/Obstacles for "Island" hospital

3). Philosophical

- -Pressure to be "Sustainable"/Partner for Community Health
- -Autonomy/Self-Determination
- -Flexibility to Grow/Modify

4). Economics

- -Impacts of Incentives (IRA)
- -Hedge against future Utility cost increases
- -Convert "dead space" into savings or revenue generation (ancillary services)
- -OBSTACLES: Lifecycle of equipment, O&M, Supplier viability



Path to "Island" Hospital – Utility + DER's/Generator(s)

1) Original configuration - Utility service for normal power and diesel generators for emergency power

<u>Steppingstones</u> – DERs installed at many hospitals that parallel with the utility and take load off the utility with on-site green power producers. These systems typically disconnect during power outages. Diesel generators provided to meet code mandated essential power requirements.

- Fuel cells operate 24/7.
- PVs with intermittent energy production
- Batteries charged during off peak and discharge during on peak periods.



Path to "Island" Hospital - Utility + Microgrid/Generator(s)

2) Some facilities are designed with microgrids paralleled with the utility service configured to pick up the entire facility during interruption to the utility service.
 <u>Steppingstones</u> – Existing DERs reconfigured and added to form Microgrids that parallel with the utility and are sufficiently sized and configured to back-up normal power 100%.

 Kaiser San Marcos (construction complete 2023)
 Northern CA SNFs (construction complete 2023)



Path to "Island" Hospital – Utility + Microgrid/Generators + Microgrid

3) Existing and new DERs re-configured/configured as Microgrids with controllers to back-up 100% of normal power and configured to back-up emergency power as well—parallel with utility and parallel with generators.

Steppingstones – Demonstration projects Fuel cells operate 24/7.

- Kaiser Ontario (construction estimated to complete 2024)
- Valley Childrens Healthcare (construction estimate to complete 2027)



Path to "Island" Hospital –Microgrid (No utility service)/Generators optional)

4) (Future) Full Isolation from the utility - All resources on-site for entire building, and 2 independent sources for essential power.





What codes would come into play?

- CEC Article 710 Stand Alone Systems
- CEC Article 705- Interconnected Electric Power Production Equipment
- Emergency CEC 700 & 517
- Solar Photovoltaic (PV) Systems Article 690
- Fuel Cell Systems Article 692
- Generators Article 445 Energy
- Storage Systems Article 706
- Wind Electric Systems Article 694
- Storage Batteries Article 480 (These are also regulated by fire and building codes.)



Why isn't everyone building "island" hospitals (Perception/Reality Issue)

- <u>Basic utility service and emergency</u>
 <u>generators</u>
- <u>Hybrid (Normal</u>)
- <u>Hybrid (Normal + Emergency)</u>
- Full isolation from the utility







12kV **Paralleling Gear**





Utility Power Source SDG&E INTERRUPTION





Loads backed up by Emergency Generators Bloom Transition to Microgrid Mode



Solid Oxide Fuel Cells







12kV Emergency Generators

12kV Paralleling Gear



MICROGRID MODE ON BLOOM ENERGY POWER

Utility Power Source SDG&E INTERRUPTION



12kV Microgrid Gear



Bloom Power Available within milliseconds Loads transferring to Bloom Power source Generators turned off, return to standby



Bloom Energy





12kV Paralleling Gear



12kV Emergency Generators



Why isn't everyone building "island" hospitals (Perception/Reality Issue)

Hybrid (Normal) – Dozens of CA hospitals built in this configuration (fuel cells, solar, solar + battery)



- Always have 3 independent power sources
 - Different design compared to other microgrids
 - 12kV vs 480V + normal + emergency
- Remain fully functional during power loss
- System is fully automated
 - Bloom handles all O&M with cost included in PPA tolling rate

COST BENEFITS

- Eliminated second utility feed
- Eliminated need for 3rd 2MW generator
- Utility savings due to Bloom tolling rate plus gas being less \$/kWh than average
- Utilized 12kV main service for the microgrid
- Less run time required for generators = reduced air pollution



A word on Power Quality (PQ)

- Historically, utility grids had highest PQ due to large scale and inertia of generation sources
- Insertion of increasing amounts of renewable power his increased the volatility that traditional generation sources were not designed to address
 - We are seeing discrete instability and dynamic instability PQ issues on today's utility grids
- Grid connection allows facility to help utility to offload power on the grid, sell back and firm power
- At microgrid scale, load changes of single facilities plus solar or wind integration can cause serious PQ issues
- Kaiser San Marcos, at any time has 3 sources of power (Bloom/Utility/Generator)





Standards for PQ

Power quality is a high risk with little code requirements. Regulatory requirements? Utility power is declining in quality.

- We can recommend compliance with IEEE standards
 - IEEE Std 519-2014: IEEE Recommended Practices and Requirements for Harmonic Control in Electrical Power Systems
 - IEEE Std 1159-2019: IEEE Recommended Practice for Monitoring Electric Power Quality
 - IEEE Std 1159.3-2019: IEEE Recommended Practice for the Transfer of Power Quality Data (PQDIF)
 - IEEE Std 1250-2018: IEEE Guide for Identifying and Improving Voltage Quality in Power Systems
 - IEEE 1159: Guide for Power Quality Monitoring:



What issues might occur if not done correctly?

Poor PQ will lead to

- Outages
- Sensitive components fail to operate properly
- Early component failure
- Excess energy use

What should be done to determine PQ at target sites

- Metering on-site
- Power quality modeling
- Plan to correct as required

PQ can be excellent when Distributed Generation and Microgrids are properly designed





What issues might occur if not done correctly?

Excessive costs due to

- Suboptimal designs
- Clear understanding of existing commitments to
 - Utilities and Energy providers
 - Vast range of rate structures and where financial benefits can be harvested
 - Cost and performance consequences when execution is not aligned with design strategy
 - Bumping to higher rate structure,...
 - What utilities can change and when, in their costs
- Poor reliability due to fractured 'ownership' of system performance through life of the system





Hybrid approach to address concerns?

How can I use my existing DERS to reconfigure as a microgrid

- 1. Add solar and/or wind in front of the meter
- 2. Add stored energy and add infrastructure to enable solar, wind, and stored energy to operate in front, or behind the meter in case of a black out
- 3. Should the economics and cost dictate moving to a full time microgrid, add N+2 generation capacity to assure back-up power is always available.

The Design decision should be made through a comprehensive design and financial modeling process





Microgrids should be customized to the individual facility and its power options

- Geography
- Accompanying buildings and property on-site
- Utility and energy provider rates
- Load profile quantification
- Available Resources
- Sizing and selecting optimal generation and stored energy sources
- Cost Savings opportunities





Questions?

California Administrative Code Training webinar

- Training webinar to read, interpret, and understand the California Administrative Code
- Discussion and public input

Facilitator: Monica Colosi, Compliance Officer, HCAI (or designee)



Construction Administration Proficiency (CAP) Training

DPOR Responsibilities during the Construction of Healthcare Facilities In California

Design Professional's Role in Construction

Three Parts to the DPOR Certification – Construction Administration Proficiency (CAP) Training for any individuals who want to participate (DPORs, Owner Representatives, even IORs)

Webinar – Part 1: June 6, 2024

- Pre-construction TIO formulation
- Construction Kick-off meeting with OSHPD/HCAI
- Earn Personal Knowledge on Site through DPOR Site Visits

Webinar – Part 2: July 11, 2024

- Manage ACD and NMA logs, distribution and submittals
- Learn to create NMA application
- Learn to create and submit Amended Construction Documents

Written Exam on California Administrative Code – CAP Certificate

 To be offered in Los Angeles and Sacramento two times per year August, 2024 January, 2025 and so on..

Upon completion, professionals who pass will receive an HCAI CAP Certificate, AIA credits and will be listed on HCAI website



Item #10 Securing American Institute of Architects (AIA) continuing education unit (CEU) credits

- Pathway to secure AIA and other agency CEU credits
- Discussion and public input

Facilitator: Scott Mackey (or designee)

Prioritize development of future educational programs:

- Classification of imaging procedures into Class 1, 2, and 3
- Revisiting "Inspect-to-Pass" approach to field inspections
- OSHPD 6 roll out
- Tips on how to work with HCAI in the field
- Working with photovoltaics, microgrids, and battery systems
- How to write a functional program and operational program, and how to make it easy for the California Department of Public Health to approve
- Develop a formal design-professional mentorship program with HCAI
- Discussion and public input

Facilitator: Scott Mackey (or designee)

Item #12 Comments from the Public/Committee Members on Issues not on this Agenda The Committee will receive comments from the Public/Committee Members. Matters raised at this time may be taken under consideration for placement on a subsequent agenda. *Facilitator: Scott Mackey (or designee)*

Item #13 Adjournment

Future Education and Outreach Committee meetings:

- August 1, 2024
- September 26, 2024