

Glossary

Song-Brown Program

Updated 6/23/2022

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Academic Year (AY)

July 1 through June 30.

Accreditation

A voluntary process of evaluation and review based on published standards and following a prescribed process, performed by a non-governmental agency of peers.

Accreditation Commission for Education in Nursing (ACEN)

Non-governmental association responsible for specialized accreditation of postsecondary and higher degree nursing education programs, either offering a certificate, diploma or recognized professional degree (clinical doctorate, master's/post-mater's certificate/ baccalaureate, associate, diploma and practical).

For more information on the ACEN, visit http://www.acenursing.org/.

Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education (ACGME)

Private, 501(c)(3), not-for-profit organization that sets standards for US graduate medical education (residency and fellowship) programs and the institutions that sponsor them, and renders accreditation of allopathic and osteopathic residency education programs.

For more information on the ACGME, visit http://acgme.org.

Accrediting Review Commission on Education for the Physician Assistant (ARC-PA)

Independent body authorized to accredit qualified Physician Assistant (PA) educational programs leading to the PA professional credential. The ARC-PA defines the standards for PA education and evaluates PA education programs within the territorial United States to ensure their compliance with those standards.

For more information on the ARC-PA, visit http://www.arc-pa.org/.

ACGME Accreditation

Accreditation granted by the ACGME Residency Review Committee. Song-Brown uses Institutional accreditation and/or Residency Program accreditation as eligibility requirements for all Primary Care Residency programs.

Ambulatory Care (Setting)

A site offering same-day medical care provided on an outpatient basis. Ambulatory care sites provide diagnosis, observation, consultation, treatment, intervention, or rehabilitation services for patients. Care is determined to be ambulatory if the patient stay, from the time of registration to discharge, occurs on

a single calendar day. Ambulatory settings include but are not limited to primary care clinics, federally qualified health centers, community mental health centers, and rural health clinics.

American Indian, Native American, or Alaska Native

Persons having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America), and who maintain tribal affiliation or community association. https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/decennial-census/decade/2020/planning-management/release/faqs-race-ethnicity.html

American Osteopathic Association (AOA)

Primary certifying body for Doctors of Osteopathic Medicine (DO).

For more information on the AOA, visit www.osteopathic.org.

Applicant

A program applying for funding through the Song-Brown Program.

Areas of Unmet Need (AUN)

Areas where there is a shortage of healthcare providers and residency programs to provide access to primary care services.

The Song-Brown RN Program only uses the Registered Nurse Shortage Area (RNSA) to determine if the address of a site is an AUN.

The Song-Brown Primary Care Residency (PCR) and Family Nurse Practitioner/ Physician's Assistant (FNP/PA) Programs determine if the site address is an AUN. A site is considered an AUN if it is in a federally defined Primary Care Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), Primary Care Shortage Area (PCSA), or is categorized as one of the following: Government Owned Facility, County Primary Care Clinic, Indian Health Services Clinic, Federally Qualified Health Center (FQHC) or FQHC Look-a-Like, Community Health Center, Student Run Clinic, Free Clinic, Disproportionate Share Hospital, Rural Hospital, or Teaching Hospital.

Asian

Persons having native origins in the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, including for example: Cambodia, China, Indonesia, Japan, Korea, Laos, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam. https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/decennial-census/decade/2020/planning-management/release/fags-race-ethnicity.html

Associated/Affiliated

"Associated" and "affiliated" is the relationship, by virtue of a formal written agreement, between a hospital or other health care delivery system and an

approved medical school that pertains to the primary care or family medicine training program requesting state contract funds.

Attrition Rate

The total number of nursing students who withdrew or were dismissed from the training program during the reporting period of August 1 to July 31 of the given year divided by the total number of students enrolled who were scheduled to complete during the same period.

Attrition rates for California Schools of Nursing are located at http://www.rn.ca.gov/education/attrition.shtml.

Black, African American, or African

Persons having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa. https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/decennial-census/decade/2020/planning-management/release/faqs-race-ethnicity.html

Board of Registered Nursing (BRN)

State of California governmental agency established by law to protect the public by regulating the practice of registered nurses. The BRN is responsible for implementation and enforcement of the Nursing Practice Act.

For more information on the BRN, visit https://www.rn.ca.gov/.

Capitation Funding

Funding based on the number of full-time residents or students enrolled in training or schooling. Capitation funding is available for all disciplines funded by the Song-Brown Program. Per resident/student capitation rates vary based on the discipline applying for funding.

Categorical Primary Care Residency Position

A resident who enters a program with the objective of completing the entire program. https://www.acgme.org/Portals/0/PDFs/ab_ACGMEglossary.pdf

Certified Nurse Midwife (CNM)

An advanced practice nurse with training in midwifery, as specified in, and a certificate issued pursuant to, Article 2.5 (commencing with Section 2746) of Chapter 6 of Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code.

Citation

A finding of a Review Committee that a program or an institution is failing to comply substantially with a particular accreditation standard or policy or procedure. https://www.acgme.org/Portals/0/PDFs/ab ACGMEglossary.pdf

Commission on Collegiate Nursing Education (CCNE)

CCNE is a non-governmental, national accreditation agency that ensures the quality and integrity of baccalaureate, graduate, and residency programs in nursing.

For more information on the CCNE, visit https://www.aacnnursing.org/CCNE.

Community Health Center

Community-based and patient-directed organizations that deliver comprehensive, culturally competent, high-quality primary healthcare services. Health centers also often integrate access to pharmacy, mental health, substance use disorder, and oral health services in areas where economic, geographic, or cultural barriers limit access to affordable healthcare services. Health centers deliver care to the nation's most vulnerable individuals and families, including people experiencing homelessness, agricultural workers, residents of public housing, and the nation's veterans. Also known as Community Clinic. https://bphc.hrsa.gov/about

HRSA-supported Community Health Centers must meet the following requirements:

- Located in or serve a high-need community
- Governed by a community Board
- Provide comprehensive primary health care
- Provide services available to all
- Meet other performance and accountability requirements

Complement

The maximum number of residents or fellows approved by a Residency Review Committee per year and/or per program based upon availability of adequate resources.

For more information, visit https://www.acgme.org/about-us/acgme-frequently-asked-questions/.

Contract Organization

Institution which will be legally and financially responsible and accountable for all state funds should an award be made.

Continuity Clinic

Setting for a longitudinal experience in which residents develop a continuous, long-term therapeutic relationship with a panel of patients.

For more information, visit http://acgme.org.

County Primary Care Clinic

County managed outpatient clinic providing medical treatment or advice.

Curriculum Development

To develop an overall plan for clinical rotations, didactic teaching, and other longitudinal curricula. Accreditation Phase E.

Department of Health Care Access and Information (HCAI)

A State of California governmental department that promotes an equitably distributed healthcare workforce and publishes valuable information about healthcare outcomes. HCAI also monitors the construction, renovation, and seismic safety of hospitals and skilled nursing facilities and provides loan insurance to assist the capital needs of California's not-for-profit healthcare facilities.

For more information on HCAI, visit https://hcai.ca.gov/.

Disproportionate Share Hospital

Hospitals serving a significantly disproportionate number of low-income patients and receive payments from the Centers for Medicaid and Medicare Services to cover the costs of providing care to uninsured patients.

For more information, visit https://www.hrsa.gov/opa/eligibility-and-registration/hospitals/disproportionate-share-hospitals/index.html.

Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine (DO)

A physician who receives special training in the musculoskeletal system, which is the body's interconnected system of nerves, muscles, and bones. DOs must graduate from an ACGME-approved residency program.

Electronic Application (eApp)

HCAI web-based application system used to apply for grants, scholarships, and loan repayment assistance.

For more information, visit https://funding.hcai.ca.gov/.

Existing Primary Care Residency Program

A program accredited by the ACGME that will enroll at least one class by July 1.

Faculty Costs

Salary and benefit costs of faculty assigned to the program.

Family Medicine

Field of medical practice in which the physician, by virtue of training and experience, is qualified to practice: (1) in multiple fields of medicine and surgery, (2) with special emphasis on the family unit, (3) serving as the physician of first contact and means of entry into the health care system, (4) providing comprehensive and continuing health care, and (5) consulting with other medical experts where appropriate.

Family Medicine Residency Program

An accredited graduate medical education-training program for primary care physicians (Medical Doctor–MD or Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine–DO) who receive training in family medicine.

Family Nurse Practitioner (FNP)

An advance practice registered nurse that has graduated from a family nurse practitioner training program and is certified as a nurse practitioner by the California Board of Registered Nursing.

Family Physician

A primary care physician who is prepared to and renders continued comprehensive and preventative health care services to families and who has received specialized training in an approved family medicine residency for three years after graduation from an accredited medical school.

Family Practice Center

A medical facility that specializes in providing continuing, comprehensive health care (e.g., primary medical care, preventative health services, chronic disease management, patient support services) for individuals and families of all ages.

Family Practice Center Costs

Expenses associated with the Family Practice Center.

Federally Qualified Health Center (FQHC)

A reimbursement designation from the Bureau of Primary Health Care and the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services of the United States Department of Health and Human Services. FQHCs include all organizations receiving grants under Section 330 of the Public Health Service Act (PHSA). FQHCs qualify for enhanced reimbursement from Medicare and Medicaid, as well as other benefits. FQHCs must serve an underserved area or population, offer a sliding fee scale, provide comprehensive services, have an ongoing quality assurance program, and have a governing board of directors. Certain tribal organizations and FQHC Look-Alikes (an organization that meets PHSA Section 330 eligibility requirements but does not receive grant funding) also may receive special Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement.

For more information on FQHCs, visit https://www.hrsa.gov/opa/eligibility-and-registration/health-centers/fqhc/index.html.

Fiscal Plan

A fiscal plan that reflects the consultant, staff, faculty, facility and/or other costs associated with achieving ACGME accreditation. Accreditation Phase B.

Final Report

A grant agreement deliverable for Song-Brown awardees. Final reports are due at the end of the payment period and affect the final grantee payment. Final reports must include program outcomes and documented expenditures.

Free Clinic

Clinics operated by tax-exempt nonprofit corporations and are supported and maintained in whole or in part by donations, bequests, gifts, grants, government funds or contributions, that may be in the form of money, goods, or services. In a free clinic there shall be no charges directly to the patient for services rendered.

For more information, visit

https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes_displayText.xhtml?lawCode=HSC&division=2.&title=&part=&chapter=1.&article=1.

Generic Students

Students who begin their first course (or semester/quarter) of approved nursing program curriculum (not including prerequisites).

Government Owned Facility

District, city, or county owned healthcare facilities.

https://www.epa.gov/enforcement/enforcement-and-compliance-federal-facilities

Graduate Medical Education (GME)

The period of didactic and clinical education in a medical specialty which follows the completion of a recognized undergraduate medical education, and which prepares physicians for the independent practice of medicine in that specialty, also referred to as residency education. The term also applies to the period of didactic and clinical education in a medical subspecialty which follows the completion of education in a recognized medical specialty, and which prepares physicians for the independent practice of medicine in that subspecialty.

For more information, visit http://acgme.org.

Graduate Practice Site

A location where a resident/student works after completing a primary care residency program, a family nurse practitioner, physician assistant, and/or registered nurse education training program.

Grant Preparer

An authorized Program Director representative assisting in completing the Song-Brown grant application.

Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA)

Areas designated by the Health Resources and Services Administration as having shortages of primary medical care, dental, or mental health providers. These may be geographic (a county or service area), population (low income or Medicaid eligible), or facilities (e.g., federally qualified health center or other state or federal prisons) shortage designations.

For more information on HPSAs, visit https://bhw.hrsa.gov/shortage-designation/hpsas.

Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA)

The primary federal agency for improving access to healthcare services for people who are uninsured, isolated, or medically vulnerable.

For more information on the HRSA, visit https://www.hrsa.gov.

Hispanic or Latino

Persons of Cuban, Mexican, Puerto Rican, Central or South American or other Spanish culture or origin regardless of race. https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/decennial-census/decade/2020/planning-management/release/faqs-race-ethnicity.html

Indian Health Services Clinic

Clinics providing primary care and health services to American Indian and Alaska Native people.

For more information, visit https://www.ihs.gov/.

Indirect Cost

An allowable budget category for the administrative costs related to line-item budget grant agreements. Eight percent (8%) is the maximum allowable indirect costs. Indirect costs are not allowable on capitation grants.

Initial Accreditation

A status conferred when an accrediting body's Review Committee determines that an application for a new program or sponsoring institution substantially complies with the requirements. Initial accreditation is a developmental stage.

For more information, visit http://acgme.org.

Institutional Affiliation (sponsor) Proof of Application

Refers to proof of an ACGME-approved program or hospital that serves as the sponsor to a new medical residency program with ACGME in the form of a letter. Accreditation Phase A.

Internal Medicine

The field of medical practice in which the physician, by virtue of training and experience, is qualified to handle the broad and comprehensive spectrum of illnesses that affect adults. Internal Medicine doctors are recognized as experts in diagnosis, treatment of chronic illness, and health promotion and disease prevention not limited to one type of medical problem or organ system.

Licensed Midwife (LM)

An individual who has been issued a license to practice midwifery pursuant to Article 24 (commencing with Section 2505) of Chapter 5 of Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code.

Major Equipment

A budget category that includes any single piece of equipment over \$500.

Medicare/Medicaid (Medi-Medi)

A payer category that includes individuals entitled to Medicare Part A and/or Part B and are eligible for some form of Medicaid benefit. Also referred to as Dual Eligibles. https://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Statistics-Trends-and-Reports/MedicareEnrpts/downloads/Buy-InDefinitions.pdf

National Council Licensure Examination (NCLEX)

Exam designed to test knowledge, skills, and abilities essential to the safe and effective practice of nursing at the entry level. NCLEX Pass rates for California Schools of Nursing are located at http://www.rn.ca.gov/education/passrates.shtml.

National Health Service Corps (NHSC)

A federal government program administered by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, HRSA, and the Bureau of Health Workforce. The NHSC awards scholarships and loan repayment to primary care providers in NHSC-eligible disciplines. NHSC providers, in turn, commit to serving for at least two years at an NHSC-approved site located in a HPSA.

For more information on the NHSC, visit http://nhsc.hrsa.gov/.

National Provider Identifier Number (NPI)

A unique identification number for covered health care providers. The NPI is a Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) Administrative Simplification Standard. https://www.cms.gov/Regulations-and-Guidance/Administrative-Simplification/NationalProvIdentStand

Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander

Persons having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Fiji, Guam, Samoa, Tonga, or other Pacific Islands. https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/decennial-census/decade/2020/planning-management/release/faqs-race-ethnicity.html

New Primary Care Residency Programs

A program that meets one of the following criteria:

Has completed Accreditation Phases: a) ACGME Institutional Affiliation,
b) Fiscal Plan, c) Timeline in Place, and d) Training Sites Recruited.

OR

 Has obtained residency program accreditation, has no first-year residents at the time of the application, and has not received any prior Song-Brown funding.

New Primary Care Residency Programs with a Match

A program that meets the following criteria:

- Is in the process of completing Accreditation Phases: a) ACGME Institutional Affiliation, b) Fiscal Plan, and c) Timeline in Place.
- Has not received any prior Song-Brown funding.
- Is willing to match twenty-five percent (25%) of their organization's funds toward HCAI's total award.

New Primary Care Residency Slots for Existing Programs (Expansion Slots)

A permanent increase in the number of ACGME categorical primary care residency positions for an existing primary care program as evidenced by a letter from ACGME, dated July 1, 2016, or later. A program may continue to apply for expansion funding until all approved ACGME expansion positions are filled

Nurse Practitioner (NP)

A registered nurse who possesses additional preparation and skills in physical diagnosis, psycho-social assessment, and management of health-illness needs in primary health care who has been prepared in a program that conforms to Board standards as specified in California Code of Regulations, CCR, 1484 Standards of

Education.

For more information, visit https://www.rn.ca.gov/pdfs/regulations/npr-b-23.pdf

Nurse Practitioner Program Director

The individual responsible for administration, implementation, and evaluation of the nurse practitioner education program and the achievement of the program outcomes in collaboration with program faculty. (California Code of Regulations, Title 16, 1480 (a)).

The program director certifies any expenditures related to the grant agreement, signs all quarterly certifications, and submits all required reports.

Obstetrics and Gynecology (OB/GYN)

The field of medical practice in which the physician, by virtue of satisfactory completion of an accredited program of graduate medical education, possesses special knowledge, skills, and professional capability in the medical and surgical care of women related to pregnancy and disorders of the female reproductive system.

Operating Expense

A budget category that includes but is not limited to supplies, equipment under \$500, postage, duplication, equipment maintenance, communication, and memberships.

Osteopathic Medicine

A distinct branch of medical practice in the United States. A Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine sees an interrelated unity in all systems of the body, with each working with the other to heal in times of illness. Upon graduation, Osteopathic medical students graduate with a Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine (DO).

Other Costs

A budget category that includes but is not limited to travel, consultant fees, Accreditation fees, and stipends.

Payer Mix

The proportion of revenue coming from private insurance, government insurance, or self-paying individuals. Song-Brown uses MediCare/MediCaid (dual eligibility), MediCal-Traditional, and Uninsured when looking at the payer mix of training sites.

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Pediatrics

The field of medical practice in which the physician, by virtue of training and experience, is concerned with the physical, mental, and social health of children from birth to young adulthood. Pediatric care encompasses a broad spectrum of health services ranging from preventative health care to the diagnosis and treatment of acute and chronic diseases.

Personnel

A budget category that only includes faculty and staff.

Physician Assistant

A primary care practitioner who meets the Div. 2, Ch. 7.7, Section 3501 of Business and Professions Code requirements, and is licensed by the Physician Assistant Examining Committee.

Physician Assistant Program Director

The individual responsible for the administration, implementation, evaluation, and fiscal management of the physician assistant program. The director must meet the qualifications established in section A2.06 of the Accreditation Review Commission on Education for the Physician Assistant (ARC-PA) Accreditation Manual (A2.06 (2018), (Accreditation Review Commission on Education for the Physician Assistant Inc, 2018).

The program director certifies any expenditures related to the grant agreement, signs all quarterly certifications, and submits all required reports.

Primary Care

Refers to Family Medicine, Internal Medicine, OB/GYN, and Pediatric specialties.

Primary Care Physician

A physician (MD – Medical Doctor or DO – Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine) who renders continued comprehensive and preventative healthcare services and has received specialized training in the areas of family medicine, internal medicine, obstetrics and gynecology, or pediatrics.

Primary Care Program Director

The physician designated with authority and accountability for the operation of the residency/fellowship program.

The Program Director certifies any expenditures related to the grant agreements, signs all quarterly certifications, and submits all required reports.

Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education (2020). Glossary of Terms [PDF File]. Retrieved from http://acgme.org.

Primary Care Residency Program

An accredited graduate medical education training program for primary care physicians (Medical Doctor–MD or Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine–DO) who receive training in the areas of family medicine, internal medicine, obstetrics and gynecology, or pediatrics.

Primary Care Shortage Area (PCSA)

An HCAI designated area having an unusually high need for primary care physicians and a lack of access to health care in surrounding areas because of excessive distance, overutilization, or access barriers.

Principal/Primary Clinic

If the sponsoring institution is a hospital, it is by definition the principal or primary teaching hospital for the residency/fellowship program. If the sponsoring institution is a medical school, university, or consortium of hospitals, the hospital used most commonly in the residency/fellowship program is recognized as the principal/primary clinical site.

For more information, visit http://acgme.org.

Programs that Train Certified Nurse Midwives

A nurse-midwifery education program operated by a California school of nursing and approved by the Accreditation Commission for Midwifery Education, or that is authorized by the Regents of the University of California or by the Trustees of the California State University, or that is approved by the Board of Registered Nursing.

Programs that Train Licensed Midwives

A midwifery education program operated by a California school of midwifery, and accredited by the Midwifery Education Accreditation Council (MEAC), or approved by the Bureau for Private and Postsecondary Education, or approved by the state licensing and regulatory board for licensed midwives.

Programs that Train Primary Care Nurse Practitioners

A program operated by a California school of medicine or nursing or is authorized by the Regents of the University of California or by the Trustees of the California State University, or that is approved by the Board of Registered Nursing.

Programs that Train Primary Care Physician Assistants

An approved program for the training of primary care physician assistants pursuant to Section 3513 of the Business and Professions Code.

Programs that Train Registered Nurses

A program operated by a California school of nursing and approved by the Board of Registered Nursing, or that is authorized by the Regents of the University of California, the Trustees of the California State University, or the Board of Governors of the California Community Colleges, and that is approved by the Board of Registered Nursing.

Program Year

The current year of education within a specific program. This designation may or may not correspond to the resident's graduate year level.

For information, visit http://acgme.org.

Re-Allocated Primary Care Residency Slots

Slots re-allocated from existing non-primary care positions to primary care positions.

Recruit And Develop Faculty

To recruit faculty reflecting the sociodemographic and other characteristics of the underserved community they serve and develop the skills of program faculty to utilize best practices in education, communication, and cooperation within their department. Accreditation Phase F.

Registered Nurse (RN)

A nurse who successfully completes a program meeting Board of Registered Nursing standards as specified in the California Nursing Practice Act. The practice of nursing as defined by Section 2725 of the California Nursing Practice Act means those functions, including basic health care, that help people cope with difficulties in daily living that are associated with their actual or potential health or illness problems or the treatment thereof, and that require a substantial amount of scientific knowledge or technical skill.

Registered Nurse Program Director

The individual who meets the qualifications of section 1425(a) in the California Code of Regulations and has the authority and responsibility to administer the program. The director coordinates and directs all activities in developing, implementing, and managing a nursing program, including its fiscal planning. (California Code of Regulations, Title 16, 1420 (h)).

The program director certifies any expenditures related to the grant agreement, signs all quarterly certifications, and submits all required reports.

Registered Nurse Shortage Area (RNSA)

An HCAI designated area having a high patient demand to nurse availability ratio.

Residency Stipends

A fixed regular sum paid as a salary or allowance to the residents.

Resident

A physician in an accredited graduate medical education program, including interns, residents, and fellows. Residents participate in the patient's care under the direction of an attending physician.

For more information, visit http://acgme.org.

Rural Hospital

A Hospital which provides essential access to inpatient, outpatient, and emergency medical services in rural communities. Rural hospitals represent more than half of all hospitals in the United States.

Rural Hospitals meet one (1) of the following criteria:

- Meets the criteria for designation within peer group six (6) or eight (8), as defined in the report entitled Hospital Peer Grouping for Efficiency Comparison, dated December 20, 1982.
- 2. Meets the criteria for designation within peer group five (5) or seven (7) and has no more than 76 acute care beds and is in an incorporated place or census designated place of 15,000 or less population according to the 1980 federal census.

For more information, visit

https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes_displayText.xhtml?lawCode=HSC&division=106.&title=&part=4.&chapter=6.&article=.

Secure ACGME Residency Accreditation

Refers to approval of an application that ACGME has approved through every step of the Application Review Process, which includes: (1) Review committee initial review; (2) Accreditation site visit (if applicable); (3) Review committee meeting second review; (4) Residency accreditation approval or denial; and (5) Letter of notification with the approval decision sent to applicant. Accreditation Phase G.

Slot

A period of funding provided for one resident or student of a Song-Brown funded program. Length of funding is dependent on the funded program.

Song-Brown Health Care Workforce Training Act

Health and Safety Code Sections 128200 through 128235.

https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes_displayText.xhtml?lawCode=HSC&division=107.&title=&part=3.&chapter=4.&article=1.

Special Programs Funding

Funding provided to cover the costs of innovative special projects or programs.

Sponsoring Institution

The organization (or entity) assuming the ultimate financial and academic responsibility for a program. The sponsoring institution's primary purpose is to provide education programs and/or health care services. Examples of a sponsoring institution include a university, a medical school, a hospital, a school of public health, a health department, a public health agency, an organized health care delivery system, a medical examiner's office, a consortium, or an educational foundation.

For more information, visit http://acgme.org.

Student-Run Free Clinic

An institution that provides care at no cost to those in our society that may not otherwise be able to afford such services. These clinics are staffed by volunteers seeking opportunities to provide care to populations such as the uninsured and homeless while simultaneously enrich their education with real-life patient care.

For more information, visit https://www.studentrunfreeclinics.org/.

Teaching Health Center

A community-based ambulatory patient care center, operating a primary care residency program. Community-based ambulatory patient care settings include, but are not limited to, federally qualified health centers, community mental health centers, rural health clinics, health centers operated by the Indian Health Service, an Indian tribe or tribal organization, or an urban Indian organization, and entities receiving funds under Title X of the federal Public Health Service Act (Public Law 91-572). Health and Safety Code Section 128205 subdivision (h). The sponsoring institution of the residency program must be a qualified Teaching Health Center or an educational consortium that includes a health center.

Teaching Hospital

A hospital with two or more ACGME approved clinical teaching programs in General/Family Practice, Internal Medicine, Pediatrics, General Surgery, or OB/GYN, with at least 30 post graduate medical students, and over 200 intern hours per licensed bed.

For more information, visit https://geo.hcai.ca.gov/hpsa-search.

Timeline in Place

A timeline that refers to the planned schedule for accreditation phases A - G. Accreditation Phase C.

Training Site

An organization providing educational experiences or educational assignments/rotations for residents/fellows/students. These can be primary, secondary, or continuity clinics. Examples of sites include: a university, a medical school, a teaching hospital which includes its ambulatory clinics and related facilities, a private medical practice or group practice, a nursing home, a school of public health, a health department, a federally qualified health center, a free clinic, or a public health agency.

For more information, visit www.acgme.org.

Training Sites Recruited

Refers to recruitment of health facilities and other clinical sites at which residents will train over the course of their residency. Accreditation Phase D.

Underrepresented in Medicine (URM)

Racial and ethnic groups underrepresented in the health professions relative to their numbers in the total population under consideration. In most instances this will include:

- 1. American Indian, Native American or Alaskan Native
- 2. Asian, other than Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Korean, Malaysian, Pakistani, Asian Indian, or Thai.
- 3. Black, African American, or African
- 4. Hispanic or Latino
- 5. Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander

White, Caucasian, European, or Middle Eastern

Persons having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa. https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/decennial-census/decade/2020/planning-management/release/faqs-race-ethnicity.html